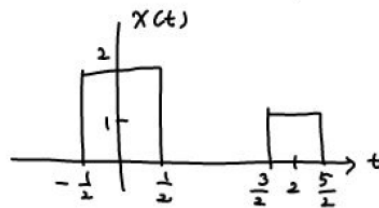


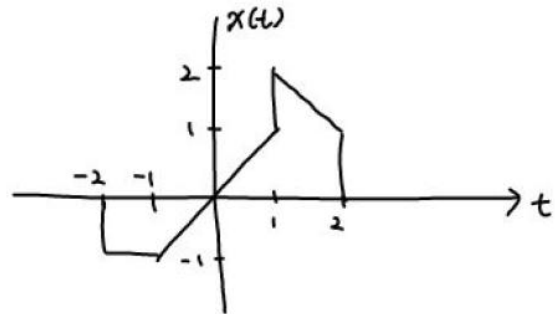
2.2 (f)

$$\begin{aligned} (f) \quad x(t) &= \Pi(t) * [2\delta(t) + \delta(t-2)] \\ &= 2\Pi(t) + \Pi(t-2) \end{aligned}$$



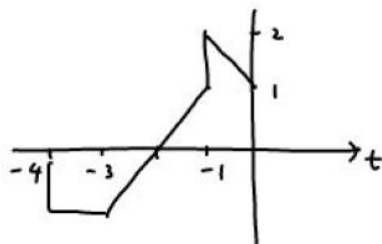
2.5

$$(a) \quad x(t) = \begin{cases} -1 & -2 \leq t < -1 \\ t & -1 \leq t < 1 \\ 3-t & 1 \leq t < 2 \\ 0 & \text{o/w} \end{cases}$$

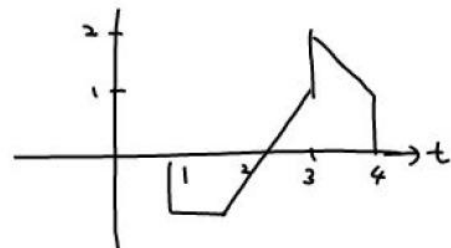


$$\begin{aligned} (b) \quad x(t) &= -u(t+2) + (t+1)u(t+1) + u(t-1) - 2t(t-1) \\ &\quad + t(t-2) - u(t-2) \end{aligned}$$

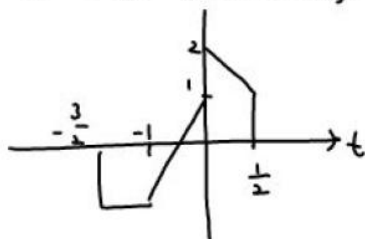
(c) i) $x(t+2)$



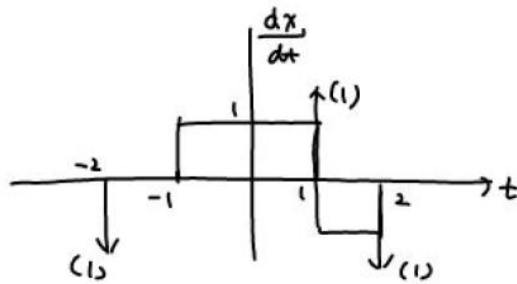
ii) $x(t-3)$



iii) $x(2t+1) = x(2(t+\frac{1}{2}))$



(d)



$$\frac{dx}{dt} = u(t+1) - 2u(t-1) + u(t-2) - \delta(t+2) + \delta(t-1) - \delta(t-2)$$

2.7 (b)

$$(b) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (2t+1) \delta\left(\frac{2}{3}t-1\right) dt \quad \delta(at+b) = \frac{1}{|a|} \delta\left(t+\frac{b}{a}\right)$$

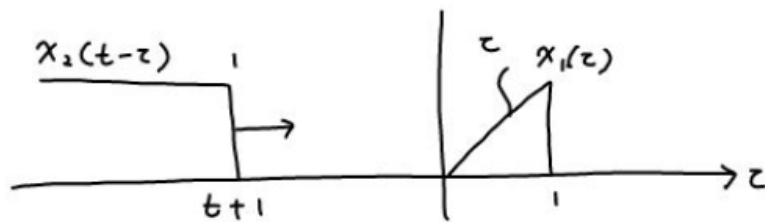
$$= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (2t+1) \cdot \frac{3}{2} \delta\left(t-\frac{3}{2}\right) dt$$

$$= \frac{3}{2} [2t+1]_{t=\frac{3}{2}} = \frac{3}{2} \cdot 4 = 6$$

3.3 (b)

(b) $t [u(t) - u(t-1)] * u(t+1)$

$x_1(t)$ $x_2(t)$ $x_2(-\tau)$ $x_2(t-\tau)$



$$y(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x_1(\tau) x_2(t-\tau) d\tau$$

i) For $t < -1$, $y(t) = 0$

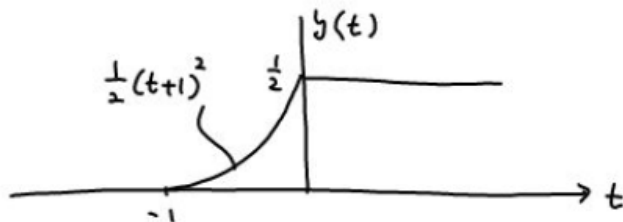
ii) For $-1 \leq t < 0$

$$y(t) = \int_0^{t+1} \tau d\tau$$

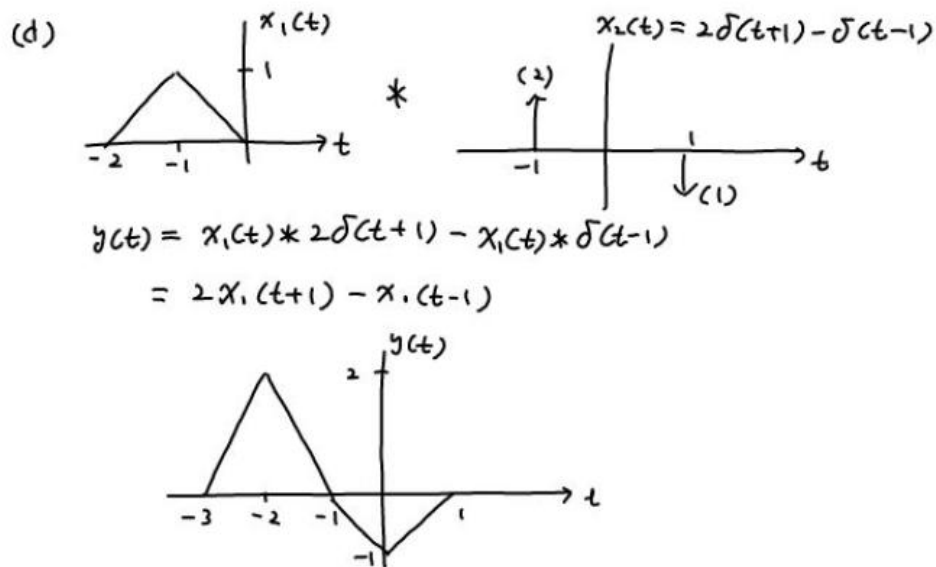
$$= \left[\frac{\tau^2}{2} \right]_0^{t+1} = \frac{(t+1)^2}{2} \quad \text{At } t=0^- \quad y(0^-) = \frac{1}{2}$$

iii) For $t \geq 0$

$$y(t) = \int_0^1 \tau d\tau = \frac{1}{2}$$



3.4 (d)



3.10

3.10

(a)
$$\begin{aligned}
 h_e(t) &= h_1(t) + h_2(t) * h_3(t) \\
 &= e^{-3t} u(t) + e^{-2t} u(t) * \delta(t-1) \\
 &= e^{-3t} u(t) + e^{-2(t-1)} u(t-1)
 \end{aligned}$$

(b)
$$\begin{aligned}
 &\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |h_e(t)| dt \\
 &= \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |e^{-3t} u(t) + e^{-2(t-1)} u(t-1)| dt \\
 &\leq \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |e^{-3t} u(t)| dt + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |e^{-2(t-1)} u(t-1)| dt \\
 &= \int_0^{\infty} e^{-3t} dt + \int_1^{\infty} e^{-2(t-1)} dt \\
 &= \left[-\frac{1}{3} e^{-3t} \right]_0^{\infty} + \left[-\frac{1}{2} e^{-2(t-1)} \right]_1^{\infty} \\
 &= \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{6} < \infty
 \end{aligned}$$

$\Rightarrow$ BIBO stable